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| 1   | IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA   |
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| 3   | TAMMY J. KITZMILLER, et al., :  Plaintiffs :                                  |
| 4   | : Case Number : 4:04-CV-02688                                                 |
| 5   | DOVER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT; :                                                 |
| 6   | DOVER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT : BOARD OF DIRECTORS, :                            |
| 7   | Defendants :                                                                  |
| 8   |                                                                               |
| 9   | AFTERNOON SESSION                                                             |
| 10  | TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS                                                     |
| 11  | OF BENCH TRIAL                                                                |
| 12  | Before: HONORABLE JOHN E. JONES, III                                          |
| 13  | Date : November 2, 2005                                                       |
| 14  | Place: Courtroom Number 2, 9th Floor<br>Federal Building<br>228 Walnut Street |
| 15  | Harrisburg, Pennsylvania                                                      |
| 16  |                                                                               |
| 17  | COUNSEL PRESENT:                                                              |
| 18  |                                                                               |
| 19  | ERIC J. ROTHSCHILD, ESQ. WITOLD J. WALCZAK, ESQ.                              |
| 2 0 | THOMAS B. SCHMIDT, III, ESQ.                                                  |
| 21  | For - Plaintiffs                                                              |
| 22  | PATRICK T. GILLEN, ESQ.<br>RICHARD THOMPSON, ESQ.                             |
| 23  | For - Defendants                                                              |
| 2 4 |                                                                               |
| 25  | Lori A. Shuey, RPR, CRR<br>U.S. Official Court Reporter                       |

THE COURT: Good afternoon. Mr. Gillen, just to clarify, because Liz mentioned to me that we may need to just clarify, what I was saying was simply that we'll continue to roll through the testimony, if this works for everybody, and we will hopefully complete the testimony tomorrow. Worst case would be Friday morning.

At the conclusion of all the testimony, we would then argue admissibility on the remaining exhibits, which consists of the articles, I think. I don't think we have anything else. So that would be Friday, in any event. Even if you finish the testimony tomorrow, it seems like that's an argument best left for Friday.

MR. GILLEN: Okay.

that. Now, I would intend, consistent with our discussion, to alert everybody before we depart on Friday of those areas that I would like you to play some emphasis on in your submissions. I don't want to, by doing that, usurp the format that we talked about before or attempt to have you overemphasize something, but just simply have you do that.

And then it occurred to me that if, in fact, having received your submissions, we need to have

further dialogue, we could even do that by telephone
argument or by some other mechanism that doesn't
necessarily have you come in. I'm not convinced that
we'll need to do that, but we can talk about that.
But in any event, that's not for today. So does that
clarify what you need?

MR. GILLEN: Yes, it does. Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: Just a couple other loose ends. We still have to present those parts of the demonstrative exhibits that we think should be introduced into evidence as opposed to just being --

THE COURT: Yes, okay.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: And also we have the issue of whether Dr. Forrest's reports and the exhibits that she did not testify about would come into the record for the purposes of her admissibility, and that's, I think, a loose end we still have.

MR. GILLEN: Sure. And on that limited point, the Forrest materials, with the understanding I believe we've reached, that it's for the limited purpose of demonstrating her qualifications and the basis for her opinion, I have no objection to them.

THE COURT: All right. Why don't you put your heads together at the break, and, in addition to

the articles and the demonstrative exhibits, make sure there's nothing else so that we don't have a surprise on one side or the other. And then you can alert me if there are other things. I'll assume that that settles the Forrest --

MR. ROTHSCHILD: Just to be clear, that's her reports and the exhibits that she refers to in her reports but did not testify about coming in solely for the admissibility issue, not as substantive evidence.

MR. GILLEN: You know what, let me take it up later.

THE COURT: I think you want to talk about that. I don't want you to concede a point that you haven't had an opportunity to talk to co-counsel about. So it seems to me then, you know, at worst, we'll have the Forrest report and the ancillary exhibits, which are really the articles that she referred to, and other publications in her report.

We'll have the various York newspaper articles, and we'll have the demonstrative exhibits. We don't have an agreement on the demonstrative exhibits?

MR. GILLEN: I think we have an agreement in principle, it's just the specifics that need to be discussed, and I'm waiting for my colleague to return, who is better situated to address it.

on Friday -- and alert me if you have other areas just so I'm prepared for those, too, and alert each other so that no one is sandbagged on that. But on Friday then, we'll take that, we'll take the evidentiary arguments in a bundle. I'll rule on those, and then we'll roll into the closings after that. Does that make sense?

MR. GILLEN: Yes.

THE COURT: And we don't have to do that before, it seems to me, Friday. So in answer to part of your question I think that you posed to Liz at the break, Mr. Gillen, you don't have to be prepared to do that tomorrow. It looks to me like tomorrow, in any event, will be all testimony.

MR. GILLEN: Okay. And, Your Honor, as I understand it, on the newspaper articles, your focus on Friday will be on the admissibility issue, leaving the effect --

THE COURT: Absolutely, absolutely. It's admissibility only. It's a limited argument. And one of the things I'm going to ask you to pay some attention to in your briefs would be the further argument, but you do not have to be ready to argue that on Friday, nor do the plaintiffs' counsel.

1 MR. GILLEN: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: All right? Does that clarify 3 our status at this point? Poor Mr. Baksa is on the stand for the third time. Hopefully this is it. 4 5 We'll complete your testimony, and you may proceed. 6 MR. GILLEN: Thank you, Your Honor. 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION (cont'd.) 8 BY MR. GILLEN: 9 Mike, I think when we left off last, we were Ο. 10 just through the October 7th board curriculum 11 committee meeting and were going to move forward. 12 with that in mind, I'd ask you to look at Exhibit 51. 13 Α. Okay. 14 Ο. Do you recognize that document, Mike? 15 Α. Yes. 16 Q. Is it a document that you generated? 17 Α. Yes. 18 And why did you do that? Q. 19 Dr. Nilsen asked that I send the board Α. 20 curriculum committee's biology language to the 21 curriculum advisory council for their review. 22 Did district policy require this? Q.

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No.

Why did you do it?

Again, Dr. Nilsen wanted to make sure that

- Q. And did you receive any feedback from any members of that committee?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And with that in mind, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 67.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. Do you recognize that document?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is it?
- 13 A. This is a summary of the feedback I got from
  14 the curriculum advisory committee.
  - Q. And how did you get that feedback?
- 16 A. The first item was a phone call and the second was an e-mail.
- Q. And do you remember who gave the phone call?
  - A. Mrs. Callahan.
- Q. And the e-mail?
- A. Was from a teacher, but I don't remember which teacher.
- Q. Okay. Now, as we approach this October 18th meeting, I want to walk you through a few documents that are pretty familiar and get your understanding of

what was in play here on the night of October 18th,
2 2004. I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 60.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: What number was that?

MR. GILLEN: 60.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

## BY MR. GILLEN:

- Q. Do you recognize that document?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And what is it?
- A. It's a memo from me to the board of directors that informs them of the board curriculum committee's biology curriculum change.
  - Q. All right. I want you to look through that, Mike, and give me a sense for what you saw as the important elements of the board curriculum committee's version. And with that in mind, I'd ask you to look at the page with the Bates Stamp Number 18 on it.
  - A. The board had a number of concerns, and the language that they developed was in answer to those concerns. The language at the bottom of the unit, Content and Concepts, Students will be made aware of gaps or problems in Darwin's theory, that was one of the board's concerns, and of other theories of evolution, which is another concern, and with an example, including, but not limited to, intelligent

- design. In addition to that, in the materials and resources section, Of Pandas and People is listed as a reference.
  - Q. Okay. I'd like you to look next at Defendants' Exhibit 61.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. Do you recognize that document?
- 8 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is it?
- A. That's a memo from me to the board of directors that has the recommendation from the administration and the staff for the biology curriculum change.
  - Q. And am I correct that the board curriculum committee's version had the designation Roman XI-A?
- A. Correct.
- Q. This document you've just referred to has the designation Roman XI-B?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And if you would direct your attention to
  the portion of Defendants' Exhibit 1 with Bates Stamp
  Number 20. This is Roman XI-B, and I'd ask you to
  give us your understanding of the important elements
  of the curriculum change from the teachers'
  perspective.

A. In the draft from the administration and teachers, there's language that says, Students will be made aware of gaps in Darwin's theory and of other theories of evolution. There is no reference to Of Pandas and People.

- Q. Looking back at the board curriculum committee version, do you have an understanding as to why Of Pandas was specifically listed in the reference portion of that recommended curriculum?
- A. My understanding is that the teachers, one of the things they were worried about was liability, and Dr. Nilsen included it in there so the book would be board approved and they wouldn't be questioned or liable for having that book in the classroom.
- Q. Okay. If you look at the cover memos for both of these exhibits, you'll see they're dated October 13th. We're leading up to the October 18th meeting, and I want to ask you, did you, in your capacity as assistant superintendent, take any steps that were an effort to reconcile the difference between these versions?
- A. After I received the board curriculum committee's version, I did meet with the -- I did share that with the science teachers.
  - Q. How about, did you get any feedback from

- members of the board that was designed to address this tension between the versions?
  - A. Dr. Nilsen, my understanding was that

    Dr. Nilsen was in receipt of additional changes from

    Mr. Bonsell that specifically included language that,

    Note, origins of life will not -- is not taught. And

    I believe I received that on the 18th.
    - Q. All right. Let me ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 68.
      - A. Okay.
      - Q. Do you recognize that document, Mike?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is it?
- A. This is a second draft from the

  administration and staff that I worked out with the

  staff during their lunchtime on the day of the 18th.
- MR. GILLEN: Excuse me, Your Honor.
- 18 BY MR. GILLEN:
  - Q. And I'd ask you to turn to that portion of Defendants' Exhibit 68 with the Bates Stamp Number 22 in it.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. And looking at that, Mike, would you

  identify the points at which this document diverts

  from the two we've spoken about thus far?

- A. The language included in the curriculum draft here includes, Students will be made aware of gaps or problems in Darwin's theory, so it adds problems from their original proposal, and of other theories of evolution. It includes the note, The origins of life is not taught, which was Mr. Bonsell's suggestion. And it also includes the reference Of Pandas and People in the materials and resources.
  - Q. Okay. You've mentioned that this document was generated in the lead-up to the October 18th meeting, and I want to talk to you about that next.

    Do you recall the evening of that meeting?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And did you provide copies of all three of these documents in connection with that meeting?
  - A. To the board, yes.
- Q. Okay. Do you remember speaking with board members about these documents and the position of the administration in connection with that October 18th meeting?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. What did you say?
- A. I informed the board that the first recommendation from the teachers would be XI-B and that if the board was -- if that didn't answer the

board's concerns, the teachers were willing to submit

XI-C as a compromise for curriculum language.

- Q. Do you recall conveying your understanding of teacher concerns to the board at that time?
- A. Right, that the teachers were concerned about the mention of intelligent design, and no draft that would have that in would be acceptable to them. And they stressed that it was important that the teachers be on board with the curriculum language.
- Q. Do you recall any concern about the requirement of teaching intelligent design that was expressed by the teachers?
- A. I believe that -- my understanding is that teachers felt that the inclusion of the language in the curriculum would lead them to have to teach it.

  If the language is in there, then it meant they had to teach it.
- Q. Do you recall a board member trying to address that concern?
- A. I believe that's what Mr. Bonsell was doing by putting that note in there that the origins of life is not taught.
- Q. Let's look at the board meeting and as it began, the public comment. Do you remember anyone speaking at the board meeting during the public

1 comment session -- section of the meeting?

- A. Mrs. Spahr and Mrs. Miller I remember talking.
- Q. And how did you understand their position as a result of that statement?
- A. I think both Bert and Jen were recommending against the board's version, XI-A, and they were recommending B or C in its place and spoke against including intelligent design being included in any curriculum change.
  - Q. And did you make a recommendation?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And what was that?
- A. Our first recommendation was for B, and if that wasn't acceptable, didn't answer the board's concerns, then C would be the second administrative and staff recommendation.
  - Q. And why did you do that?
- A. We were trying to address the board's concerns, and we felt that really C did address the concerns that the board had expressed to the teachers, and if the teachers were willing to make these compromises with the language that they included in C, that we felt that should address the board's concerns sufficiently.

- Q. Okay. And in terms of the discussion, did
  you make that clear at the meeting?
  - A. Dr. Nilsen asked me to speak on behalf of the administration and give our recommendation to the board, and at the meeting I did recommend B, and if not B, C.
  - Q. And we're speaking about a curriculum change here. Is there a specific reason that you took the position you did at this meeting?
  - A. Well, being responsible for curriculum, it would be my position, along with the staff, to make any recommendations to the board.
  - Q. Okay. And how about follow-through on any curriculum change, did you think that your position was designed to foster that?
    - A. Can you ask that again?
  - Q. You've taken a position on versions that you think are acceptable, and I'm asking you, do you think that's one that was designed to ease implementation or not?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And how is that, Mike?
- A. With the teachers recommending B and possibly -- and if not B, C, the teachers had to implement whatever the language is going to be. So if

they had concerns about not being sure about how to implement language that included intelligent design, they were okay with the language that they proposed in C to be able to implement that in their classrooms, but they were very concerned about and didn't know how they would implement language that included intelligent design.

- Q. Well, let's look at the portion of the meeting that involves the voting on the agenda item.

  Do you recall that portion of this meeting?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And tell us what you remember.
- A. The proposal was made for -- well,

  Mr. Buckingham would have made a motion for A, and

  discussion followed after that. I remember

  Mr. Wenrich making a lot of amendments to the motion,

  all of which tried to exclude the language that

  included intelligent design and those being defeated.

  At one point I remember -- I think it was Mr. Bonsell

  that suggested the note origins of life be moved from

  C and attached to A, and that was done. And then I

  believe A with that attachment, that amendment, was

  passed.
- Q. All right. Do you recall any discussion after the curriculum motion by Mr. Bonsell was made?

- I mean the motion to amend that you just described.
  - A. Do I recall any discussion about that?
  - Q. Any specific discussion about that at that time.
    - A. No.

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- Q. Am I correct that his motion provided the basis for the final curriculum change as adopted that evening?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So it was worked out on the night of this board meeting?
- A. Yes.
- Q. We've got a board curriculum change that's been voted on on October 18th. What happened next in terms of implementation of that?
  - A. Then Dr. Nilsen directed me to come up with a statement that we could use to implement the curriculum change.
  - Q. And with that in mind, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 65.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Do you recognize that?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. What is it?
- 25 A. This is a draft of the statement that I

1 prepared and sent to the board of directors.

- Q. And you say you prepared it. What did you use as the basis for the statement?
- A. The concerns that the board had expressed to me earlier and to the teachers.
- Q. Okay. Let's look a little more specifically at some elements of this statement. If you look at the first indented paragraph there, you'll see it begins, Darwin's theory of evolution continues to be the dominant scientific explanation for the origins of the species. The state standards require students to learn about the theory of evolution and to take a standardized test of which evolution is a part. Did you draft that language, Mike?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. What was your purpose in doing so?
- A. My purpose was to make it clear that

  Darwin's theory is taught, that the state standards

  require it, and that students will eventually be

  tested on this, to make sure that Darwin is mentioned

  first.
- Q. Okay. If you look at the second paragraph, there's language in there describing intelligent design as a theory. And I want to ask you, when you drafted this statement, Mike, did you believe that

- 1 intelligent design was a religious theory?
  - A. No.

- Q. And what was the basis for your understanding?
- A. Just reading Of Pandas and People, I didn't see that making a religious argument.
- Q. And then if you look at the last paragraph of the statement, it talks about the school leaving the discussion of origins of life up to individual students and their families. Did you put that language in there?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And why did you do that?
  - A. That really came from my discussions with the teachers. I remember them saying that that's what they had done in the past, so I included it in this draft.
  - Q. Did you understand this language to mean that they would not be teaching intelligent design?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. What happened next relating to this statement? Did there come a time when you came to understand that teachers objected to being identified with the curriculum change?
- A. Yes. The teachers sent me a request to have

- their names removed from the new biology -- the change that had been made to the biology curriculum.
  - Q. And with that in mind, Mike, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 81.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. Do you recognize that?
  - A. Yes.

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- 8 Q. And what is it?
  - A. That's a request from the science teachers to have their names removed.
    - Q. And based on this, did you have an understanding for why the teachers wanted their names removed?
    - A. They objected to the inclusion -- they did not agree to having intelligent design in the curriculum and then they didn't want their names on it to look like they wrote that or authored it.
    - Q. And did you do anything as a result of receiving this document?
  - A. I removed their names from the biology curriculum.
    - Q. And why did you do that?
- A. Because they asked me to.
- Q. I want to ask you a few questions about reporting on the curriculum change in this period

after October 18th. Did you have any discussions with reporters about the impact of the curriculum change after the October 18th meeting?

A. Yes.

- Q. And who were those reporters?
- A. Heidi Bernhard-Bubb and Joe Maldonado.
- Q. And what was the nature of the information you gave them? Let's start with Ms. Bubb first.
- A. I remember Heidi inquiring about what the nature of the change -- you know, what does it mean now, this curriculum language has been passed and what's the nature of that. And I explained to her that we would be developing that with the teachers, but I'm envisioning that what will probably happen is there will be some mention of intelligent design at the beginning of the unit and that they'd be mentioning it and not teaching it.

And I remember Heidi, you know, laughing when I made that distinction saying, aren't you just playing semantics? I said, no, I said, there's a difference between mentioning and teaching.

- Q. Did you have an opportunity to review some reporting on the curriculum change after that discussion?
  - A. Read articles?

1 Q. Yes.

- 2 A. Yes.
  - Q. And did it reflect the information that you had provided?
  - A. The articles still were reporting that we were teaching intelligent design or teaching creationism.
  - Q. How about Mr. Maldonado, do you recall a similar conversation with him?
  - A. I believe I mentioned -- with Joe I remember going more closely through the curriculum draft changes, explaining XI-A, B, and C, but I also remember talking to Joe about -- saying that, you know, I think it's going to result in maybe somewhere down the line we'll be reading a statement but not teaching it.
  - Q. Did you have an opportunity to review press accounts by Mr. Maldonado about the impact of the curriculum change after the discussion you've just described?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. And did it reflect the information you had provided to him?
  - A. Still reported that we were teaching intelligent design.

- Q. Did there come a time when it came to your attention that board members were concerned with the reporting about the curriculum change?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And did you have an understanding about whether board members wanted any steps to be taken to address the curriculum change?
- A. Well, my understanding is that Mr. Bonsell was concerned with the reporting of teaching intelligent design, and we said we're not teaching it, you know, we'll be working out this statement about mentioning, and that he had talked to Dr. Nilsen about it and asked that, you know, we address it publicly to explain to the community exactly what we are intending and what we're not intending.
- Q. With that in mind, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 83.
  - A. Okay.
  - Q. Do you recognize that document?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And what is it?
- A. It's a statement, kind of a press release about what we're doing in relation to the biology curriculum change from Mr. Bonsell to Dr. Nilsen.
  - Q. And I'd ask you to look at Defendants'

1 Exhibit 85.

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- 2 A. Okay.
  - Q. Do you recognize that?
- 4 A. Yes.
  - Q. And what is it?
  - A. It's a note from me to my secretary to send

    I guess the latest draft of the statement to all the

    science teachers for their review.
    - Q. Since we're focused on the statement, Mike, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 86.
      - A. Okay.
- 12 Q. 87.
- 13 A. Okay.
- Q. Essentially do us a favor and give us a quick run, look through 86 to 100. Do you recognize these documents, Mike?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. And what are they?
- A. These are the multiple drafts that were
  generated from suggestions from the teachers' review
  of the statement and the board's review of the
  statement.
  - Q. In this litigation, some attention has been paid to the word "theory," and I want to ask you, the word "theory," does it appear in the final version of

- this statement that's read to students? In the final version of statements that is read to students, does the word "theory" appear?
  - A. Could we go to that?
  - Q. Well, I guess you could go to Defendants' Exhibit 103. Do you recognize that, Mike?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And there's an indented portion at the bottom of the page Bates stamped 49 carrying over to the page Bates stamped 50, and I'd ask you to look at that and see if you can identify that as the final version. Do you recognize that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. If you look at the second paragraph, the word "theory" is defined as, Theory is defined as a well-tested explanation that unifies a broad range of observations. And I want to ask you, do you know how that definition of theory was included?
- A. During the process of the teachers' review of this, I remember Mrs. Miller sent me a note to have the definition of a theory put in there. And then I met with Mr. Linker and we went to the back of Miller and Levine and pulled the definition that was there and then placed it into the statement.
  - Q. Okay. Now, I'd like you to look back at

1 Defendants' Exhibit 86 again.

A. Okay.

- Q. And I direct your attention to the second paragraph of the statement language that's in this draft and to the third sentence which reads,
  Individuals may subscribe to other theories of evolution, including intelligent design. Now, I'd like you to look at 103 again.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. If you look at the third paragraph of the indented statement it reads, Intelligent design is an explanation of the origins of life that differs from Darwin's view.

Can you tell me how the description of intelligent design came to be an explanation of the origin of life as opposed to a theory?

- A. Well, my original -- in my original draft, I had included language that said intelligent design is a theory. And when that was returned to me from the teachers -- and I believe it was Mrs. Miller doing some of the review -- theory was changed to explanation for intelligent design.
- Q. We've looked at the press release, which is Defendants' Exhibit 103. Did you play any role in drafting that press release?

- A. No. Dr. Nilsen would have probably given it to me to review, but I don't remember editing it or making any changes to it.
  - Q. Do you recall the press release issued by Dr. Nilsen generating a response on the part of the teachers?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. And with that in mind, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 106.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. Do you recognize that?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is it?
- 14 A. That's a note from the teachers, the science
  15 teachers, to Dr. Nilsen expressing their concern with
  16 the press release and the implication that the
  17 teachers were fully supportive of intelligent design.
  - Q. And did you see this document?
- 19 A. Yes.
  - Q. What was your reaction to it?
- A. The language in the -- I thought the
  language in the press release accurately portrayed
  their involvement in the review of the curriculum
  language and in the statement. I didn't see it in the
  light that they were seeing it in. I thought it

- fairly portrayed their involvement because they were
  involved to an extent. They didn't agree with the
  intelligent design language, but they were involved in
  helping implement it.
  - Q. Did the administration do anything in response to this document?
    - A. We met with the teachers.
    - Q. And around when was that meeting?
  - A. November before the Thanksgiving break, I believe.
    - Q. And who was there?
  - A. The science teachers, Dr. Nilsen, myself, the association president, Sandy Bowser, association representatives Brad Neal and Bill Miller.
  - Q. And when you say "association," is that the teachers' union?
    - A. Yes.

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- Q. And what transpired at that meeting?
- A. I believe Mr. Miller kind of took the lead
  for the teachers and asked Dr. -- expressed concern
  that the press release unfairly portrayed the
  teachers' involvement in the curriculum change in the
  statement and asked Dr. Nilsen to reissue a new press
  release and clarify that the teachers weren't
  supportive of intelligent design.

- Q. Did they take any position on the nature of their involvement in either the curriculum or -- curriculum change or the statement?
- A. They believed -- well, the word I heard for the first time -- during this whole process, I would draft something, give it to them for them to review and edit back to me. But I remember Brad Neal saying that I had given the statement solely to the teachers to review for scientific accuracy, which isn't language that I ever used with them. I just gave it to them to review. That may have been what they were doing, but that wasn't what I was -- you know, I hadn't specifically directed them to do that.
  - Q. There was some discussion of a request for a press release. Did that occur?
    - A. No.

- Q. Did you discuss anything else at this meeting relating to the implementation of the curriculum change?
- A. Yeah. This meeting actually sat on top of another meeting. I originally had a meeting set up for the teachers to discuss implementation. So after Dr. Nilsen talked about the press release, then the teachers and I moved on to talking about implementation, how we're going to distribute the

books, what we'll do if students opt out, when we're
going to distribute the books, and how long they
might -- students might keep them, and the actual
mechanics of getting them stamped and where we would
place them in the classrooms.

Q. What was the tone of this meeting?

- A. Well, I'd say it was strained because the teachers were very upset with the press release.
- Q. Okay. You discussed opting out. How did that come up?
- A. That had been -- I remember in discussions with them my understanding was that we would allow students to opt out of even other curriculum, health curriculum that might involve sex education, dissection in the sciences, and that even in the past, my understanding was that teachers, if a student objected to evolution, they'd opt out of that unit. Although they were responsible for it, they could opt out of it.
- Q. Do you recall receiving expressions of concern from parents relating to the implementation of this curriculum change?
  - A. Yes, I did receive an e-mail.
- Q. And with that in mind, I'd ask you to look back at Defendants' Exhibit 70.

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- Q. Yeah. Do you recognize that document?
- 3 A. Yes.
  - Q. And what is it?

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- A. It's an e-mail from Mrs. Kitzmiller that was forwarded to me from Mrs. Miller.
- Q. And did this provide part of the basis for your decision that the opt-out would apply here?
- A. Yes. Mrs. Kitzmiller was asking if parents would be able to allow their children to opt out.
- Q. Now, when you reached the conclusion that the opt-out would apply, did you do that based on an opinion that intelligent design was religious?
  - A. No.
- Q. Why did you reach the decision that it applied, the opt-out policy?
- A. We had allowed students to opt out for other nonreligious reasons of the curriculum. If parents felt strongly about it, we would honor the parents' requests, and so we were going to do the same for ID.
- Q. If you would, Mike, I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibits 133, 134, and 135. Do you recognize those documents, Mike?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. What are they? Let's look at 133 first.

1 What's that?

- A. 133 is a letter that I drafted that would be sent home to parents explaining what we would be doing, reading the statement and the ability to opt out of hearing it. 134 is the actual excusal form for a parent to have their son or daughter opt out. And 135 was another excusal form.
- Q. And were those documents that you prepared in connection with allowing the opt-out?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Let's turn your attention for a minute to the reading of the statement. When you were drafting this statement, did you envision that the administration would read it?
- A. No. Initially -- and I remember talking to the science teachers previously, talking to them previously when they talked about how they mentioned -- how they preceded the chapters and what they talked about with students prior to that. So initially we thought they would do what they did in the past and they would speak about it prior to beginning teaching of evolution as they had in the past.
- Q. Okay. Let me ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 138 and 139. Do you recognize those, Mike?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. And what are they?
- A. 138 are tentative minutes that Mrs. Spahr drew up for my meeting with the teachers when we were talking about how to implement the letters and the opt-out forms. And 138 also includes suggestions from Dr. Nilsen on what changes we should make.
  - Q. What was the purpose of these minutes?
- A. One of the things the teachers were concerned with was liability. That came up at the November meeting. So at that meeting we had agreed to put anything that involved the books or the curriculum language, the books Of Pandas and People or curriculum language, to put that in writing so that there's a clear directive from administration that the teachers were told to do this so that they wouldn't be liable. So these meetings are a written record of what we agreed to, what we decided on.
  - Q. I'd ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit
    139 under the heading C and the subheading Number 3.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. And read that for the record.
- A. Under C?
- 24 O. Yeah.
- 25 A. Three reads, All students will be

responsible for the material and the subject that will be assessed. Nothing discussed during the student absence will be assessed.

- Q. And what was the point of that item?
- A. Again, I think that's from a parent concern that if students miss something, would they be tested on it and then would they be hurt by, you know, excusing themselves from the classroom and wanted to be reassured that we agreed that we weren't going to assess that and students would not be penalized for opting out and not hearing the statement.
- Q. Does that item reflect the basis for your belief that students are not being taught intelligent design?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And how is that?
- A. Because they're not tested on it afterwards.
- Q. We've talked about reading a statement and some opt-out forms. Let me ask you, what was the plan for the distribution of the letter about the opt-out and the form?
- A. Well, at this meeting we had agreed that -the teachers reviewed the forms, we edited them a
  little bit. I produced clean forms for everybody, and
  the plan was that the teachers would distribute them

1 and collect them.

- Q. Did the teachers distribute the letter and opt-out form?
  - A. No.
- Q. How did you find out that they did not distribute those?
- A. The teachers were to distribute -- I believe it was on a Friday we had agreed that they would distribute the opt-out forms to students. And previously I remember talking to a parent, either through an e-mail or phone call, and they were wondering, you know, what are we doing, where is this opt-out form and when will their child get it.

And I think I remember that same day,

Friday, the parent contacting me and saying the

daughter came home and didn't receive any form. So I

called the building principal and asked him to check

into why -- you know, if the forms were distributed.

- Q. And did you learn whether they had been?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And what did you learn?
- A. That the teachers did not distribute them.
  - Q. And what was your reaction to that?
- A. Well, prior to that, the teachers had requested to Dr. Nilsen to not have to read the

statement. And they asked for that, and Dr. Nilsen granted them that. They never informed us that they were not going to distribute the forms. So we were under the assumption that students would get the forms and be able to opt out. So I was -- I really thought that was a breakdown in communication, that they should have communicated that to us.

And then I also learned that the association had advised them against it. So what I did is, I ended up writing a letter to the association stressing how improper I thought it was that they didn't communicate and that it was a little bit reckless of them to put their teachers in a position that might be judged to be insubordinate.

- Q. Let me ask you to look at Defendants' Exhibit 142.
  - A. Okay.
    - Q. Do you recognize that document?
- A. Yes.

- Q. What is it?
  - A. This is the -- Dr. Nilsen had drafted language that we would actually say to the students when we went in to read the statement.
    - O. And did the teachers read the statement?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 Q. Was the statement read?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. Who read it?
  - A. Dr. Nilsen and I read the statement.
    - Q. Well, let me tell you, why did you and Dr. Nilsen go into the class and read the statement?
    - A. Because the teachers didn't want to read the statement. They didn't want to have anything to do with it.
    - Q. Was this reading of the statement by administration what you originally contemplated when you sought to implement the curriculum change?
    - A. No. Originally we thought the teachers would do that.
    - Q. At any time did any board member tell you that they wanted the administration to read the statement?
  - A. No.
    - Q. Let me ask you, Mike, at some point did you learn that Dover had received another group of books that were related to the biology curriculum?
      - A. Yes.
- Q. And when was that?
- A. When?
- Q. Yeah.

- 1 A. In spring, I believe.
  - Q. Sure. I'm not asking for a specific day. Sometime in the spring. How did the books come to your attention?
  - A. I believe Cora Kunkle, the high school librarian, sent me a notice that she had gotten all these books, here is the list of them and titles and what is she to do with them.
    - Q. Do you recall receiving the books?
    - A. Yes. She sent them over to my office.
    - Q. Do you know if the books were reviewed?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. And who reviewed the books?
- A. Well, I know Mrs. Harkins picked the books up from my office, and the board curriculum committee was advised that the books were available for review.
  - Q. Do you know where the books ended up?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. Where?
  - A. In the high school library.
- Q. Do you know the specific areas in the library where the books were located?
- A. No. Mrs. Kunkle would have determined where the books would be placed.
- Q. Did the board approve the donation of the

1 books for placement in the library collection?

A. Yes.

- Q. Based on what you know as the assistant superintendent, was the addition of those books to the library collection consistent with the purpose of the curriculum change adopted on October 18th, 2004?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Did there come a time when you came to know that the donation of the additional books had an impact on the statement that was read to students?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And what was that effect?
- A. Dr. Nilsen asked me to include language in the statement when we read it in June that would mention that there are other resources in there, in the library.
  - Q. And did you do that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And was that revised statement read to students?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Mike, do you know what result a student will get if they go to the catalog of the Dover High School library and do a search using the term "intelligent design"?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. What is the result?
- 3 A. One book comes up.
- Q. Do you know the author and title of that
- 5 book?
- A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Please tell us.
- A. The author is Robert Pennock, and the title
  of the book is Intelligent Design: Creationism and

  Its Critics.
- 11 MR. GILLEN: I have no further questions
- 12 Your Honor.
- THE COURT: All right, Mr. Gillen. We thank
- 14 you. Cross by Mr. Rothschild.
- 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Baksa.
- 18 A. Good afternoon.
- 19 Q. Mr. Baksa, I took your deposition twice in
- this case?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. I'm going to give you copies of each of those depositions.
- MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?
- THE COURT: You may.

1 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

- Q. Mr. Baksa, on the subject of the donated books, you were here when Mrs. Harkins testified. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. She testified that those donated books had, like *Pandas*, been added to the curriculum, but that's not accurate. Correct?
- A. Of Pandas, Of Pandas and People appears in the biology curriculum page as a reference. Those other books do not appear in any curriculum pages.
- Q. And in the statement that was read to the students in June, while it refers to other books, it does not describe what those other books are.
- 15 Correct?
- A. Correct.
  - Q. And to the best of your knowledge, those books are not situated next to or near *Pandas* in the library. Correct?
  - A. Yeah, I really don't know where they are.

    The librarian placed them.
  - Q. So you have no reason to dispute the proposition that they are not located next to or near <code>Pandas</code>?
- A. Right, I have no -- I don't know where they

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- Q. When Mr. Gillen was asking you questions a few minutes ago, he emphasized the point that the statement read to students now calls intelligent design an explanation, not a theory. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that was a change from what you had originally drafted. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And why is that significant?
- A. I'm not sure I -- that was a change

  Mrs. Miller made. She never explained to me why she

  made that change.
  - Q. Do you understand it to convey that intelligent design is, in fact, not a theory as defined in the statement, a well-tested explanation that unifies a broad range of observations?
    - A. I'm sorry, could you ask me --
  - Q. Why don't you look at Defendants' Exhibit 103.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. And that's the board press release?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And it includes the version of the statement that was read in January?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. And if you look at the second paragraph, it describes Darwin's theory as a theory, and then it says, A theory is defined as a well-tested explanation that unifies a broad range of observations. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you have no reason to doubt that that's a good definition of a scientific theory?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And then it says, Intelligent design is an explanation of the origin of life that differs from Darwin's view. Correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. It does not call intelligent design a theory. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. Which is what you had originally put in the document?
- 19 A. Right.
- Q. So it was your understanding that this was to represent that intelligent design is not, in fact, a scientific theory?
- A. Well, again, that's a change Mrs. Miller

  made, and she didn't discuss with me why she made that

  change.

- Q. So you don't have an understanding one way or the other?
  - A. Right.

- Q. Do you have an understanding of whether intelligent design is a theory, a scientific theory?
- A. The only information I have about intelligent design is what I -- if it's a scientific theory or not is what I gleaned from reading Of Pandas and People.
  - Q. And do you understand it to be --
  - A. And I think I -- I'm sorry.
  - Q. Go ahead. You should finish.
- A. And I think I testified in my depositions with you earlier that, you know, I don't feel qualified like Dr. Behe or the scientific community to make a determination on intelligent design, whether it's -- what its status is as a scientific theory. I would defer to science teachers and the scientific community to make that determination.
- Q. And so you don't have an understanding one way or the other whether intelligent design is a well-tested explanation that unifies a broad range of observations?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. March 26th, 2003, was the first time you had

- 1 attended a retreat of the Dover Area School Board.
- 2 Correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- Q. You had been hired by the board in the fall of 2002 or to start in the fall of 2002?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And that's a decision by the board? That was a decision by the board to hire you?
  - A. Yes.
- 10 Q. They decide which administrators to hire?
- 11 A. Yes.

- 12 Q. And which to fire?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. I'm not suggesting anything. Now,

  March 26th, 2003, was actually the same day you

  attended the retreat at Messiah College. Correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. And you understand that Messiah College is a religious college. Correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And the symposium you attended was on the subject of creationism?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. You had been sent there on the recommendation of Dr. Nilsen?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. But he never told you why he wanted you to go. Correct?
- 4 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you didn't ask him?
- A. That's correct.
  - Q. This is the only conference or lecture or symposium that he ever sent you to on a specific scientific topic. Isn't that right?
    - A. On a specific scientific topic, yeah.
  - Q. And this presentation lasted several hours?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. You took notes?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. And what you heard was the history of creationism. Correct?
- A. History of the controversy on teaching
  evolution and other theories alongside Darwin's
  evolution.
  - Q. And part of the history of creationism you heard included a discussion of young earth creationism. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And you learned that young earth creationism includes an age that -- includes the proposition that

- 1 the earth is approximately 6,000 to 10,000 years old?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you understand that that's at odds with the sort of standard scientific interpretation of the age of the earth based on the geologic record?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And the speaker in this conference on creationism mentioned Phillip Johnson. Correct?
    - A. Yes.
      - Q. And intelligent design. Correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. And he indicated that Phillip Johnson, what he stood for was an attack on evolution on common descent. Correct?
  - A. I'd have to -- just you saying it, I don't remember.
    - Q. Fair enough.
- A. I'd have to look at my notes for that.
- MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?
- THE COURT: You may.
- 21 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. Mr. Baksa, Exhibit 284 is a copy of your
  handwritten notes from the creationism conference at
  Messiah College?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. And if you could turn to the second page of your notes on the page Bates stamped 4013. And, Matt, if you could blow up that very bottom underlined passage there. And could you read what's said there?
  - A. It says, Phil Johnson, attack on evolution, common descent.
  - Q. Those are your notes of what was communicated at the conference?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And on the page before, if you turn back, you have the term -- towards the bottom on sort of the right-hand side you have Phillip Johnson and intelligent design. Is that right?
  - A. Do you want me to read all that or --
- Q. No. I'm just saying you do have notes here about Phillip Johnson and intelligent design, correct, down in sort of the right-hand corner?
- A. The one line with Phillip Johnson says, Ten years later balanced education struck down, Phillip Johnson. And then under that I have a note out in the margin, today, and these are three alternative explanations or theories that they are putting forth that exist today, young earth creationists, common ancestry, and intelligent design.
  - Q. And you understand Phillip Johnson was

1 associated with intelligent design?

- A. No, actually, I didn't know that.
- Q. If we could turn back to Page 2 again, you have, Note, National Science Teachers Association position on evolution. Is that what you wrote on the last line?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Did you ever get a copy of the National Science Teachers Association's position on evolution?
  - A. No.
- Q. In fact, you never investigated, throughout this whole issue at Dover, starting from this retreat on forward, you never got materials or investigated the positions of any of the mainstream scientific or science education organizations on the issues of intelligent design or evolution. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And as far as you know, no one else from the school board or school administration did either.
- 20 Correct?
  - A. Right, as far as I know.
- Q. Safe to say you went to that retreat on the evening of March 26, 2003, with creationism on the brain?
  - A. I believe in my deposition I said I returned

1 from the workshop and went to the retreat.

- Q. And you had been listening to lectures about creationism all day, and I assume you were thinking about it?
- A. The workshop, later learned -- because I think I misrepresented and said it was an evening. Actually, I believe it was 9:00 to 1:00. The retreat was at 6:00 or 6:30. I believe I would have been thinking of other things in between that, but certainly that would have been something that I attended that morning.
- Q. Your antenna was up to the issue of creationism. Would you agree with that?
  - A. I don't have antennas, but --
- Q. That's not what you told me at your deposition. (Laughter.)
- A. I would agree that certainly I learned of creationism and evolution that day and could be thinking -- would be thinking about that.
- Q. Now, at that meeting, as you discussed with Mr. Gillen, there was an opportunity for each board member to identify the issues that were important to them. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. And while that happened, Dr. Nilsen took

1 notes?

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And later he circulated a typed-up version
- 4 of those notes. Correct?
  - A. At the retreat or later?
- Q. Later.
- 7 A. Later, yes.
- Q. You received a copy of the typed-up version
  of his notes?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And so did board members?
- 12 A. That I don't know.
- Q. Okay. And you saw those notes fairly
- promptly after they were created. Correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- MR. ROTHSCHILD: And, Matt, if you could put
- 17 up Exhibit 25, Plaintiffs' Exhibit 25. May I
- 18 approach, Your Honor?
- THE COURT: You may.
- BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. Mr. Baksa, these are -- Exhibit P25 is, in
- fact, the typed-up version of the notes Dr. Nilsen
- 23 took?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. And as you went over with Mr. Gillen, under

- 1 Mr. Bonsell's name is the word "creationism."
- 2 Correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And you also list the issue of American
- 5 history. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And that is an area of the curriculum that
- 8 Mr. Bonsell has expressed some interest in?
- 9 A. Yes.
- Q. You've actually discussed that area with
- 11 him?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And for this entire set of notes, you never
- went to Dr. Nilsen and said there's something you need
- 15 to correct here?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. About anything on these notes?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. Now, after this meeting, you had a
- 20 conversation with Mrs. Spahr of the science department
- about what a board member said about teaching
- evolution. Correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- O. And that board member was Alan Bonsell.
- 25 Correct?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. And the reason you did that is, you wanted to give the science department a heads-up about what the board was saying about a topic taught in science class. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. They deserve that. Right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And you have a lot of respect for
- 10 Mrs. Spahr?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And Mrs. Miller, the biology teacher, as
- 13 well?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. You recognize that they're the science education experts in the district?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. You wouldn't call yourself an expert in science education?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Or Dr. Nilsen?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Or anybody on the board. Correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And you also have confidence that the

- teachers are acting in the best interests of these students, these science teachers. Would you agree with that?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And they have continued to act that way throughout this controversy. Right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you told Mrs. Spahr what Mr. Bonsell said at the board meeting about the teaching of evolution. Correct?
- A. I told Mrs. Spahr that what I heard last night at the retreat was that Mr. Bonsell was looking for a 50/50 split with Darwin and some alternative.
  - Q. That's what you told her?
- 15 A. Yes.
  - Q. And Mr. Bonsell had actually been expressing concerns about the teaching of evolution to you since the fall of 2002. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. Now, shortly after that conversation with

  Mrs. Spahr, you received the memo from Dr. Peterman.

  Correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And why don't we just take a look at that.

  MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?

1 THE COURT: You may.

BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

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- Q. P26 is the memo from Dr. Peterman that you received on or around April 1st, 2003?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that memo summarizes a conversation that Dr. Peterman had with Mrs. Spahr?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And in that conversation, according to the memo, Mrs. Spahr reported to Dr. Peterman about the conversation she had with you. Correct?
- A. Correct.
  - Q. And what the memo says is that you told Mrs. Spahr about a board member wanting creationism taught 50/50 with evolution. Is that right?
    - A. That's what the memo says, right.
- Q. And when you saw this memo, you didn't talk to Dr. Peterman about it. Correct?
- A. No, when I saw this memo, my first

  reaction -- I distinctly remember this -- is, that's

  not what I said and she got it wrong, nobody is

  looking at teaching 50/50 with creationism. I

  remember going to Dr. Nilsen and saying, you know,

  here's Dr. Peterman jumping the gun again because this

  isn't what I talked to Bert Spahr about.

- Q. But, Mr. Baksa, you didn't go to

  Dr. Peterman and talk to her about this. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. You didn't go to her and say, are you sure that's what you heard? You didn't do that. Right?
    - A. Right.

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- Q. You didn't go to Dr. Peterman and say, that's not what I told Mrs. Spahr. Right?
- A. Right. I wouldn't go to Dr. Peterman

  because anything else I tell her, she would take or

  misinterpret or just do more damage with it. She's

  already written a memo which I think mischaracterizes

  my conversation with Mrs. Spahr. And I was dealing

  with the science teachers, and I was not dealing with

  Dr. Peterman on this issue.
  - Q. And you didn't respond to her in writing, either?
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. Okay. Well, let's talk about the science teachers. You didn't talk to Mrs. Spahr about the memo either, did you?
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. You didn't go to her and say, look what -- and she received this memo. Correct?
- A. Yeah.

Q. And you didn't go to her and say, Bertha, is this what you told Dr. Peterman?

A. But Mrs. Spahr did believe that. I mean,
Mrs. Spahr did believe that, you know, the board was
looking at teaching creationism from the very moment
early in the fall when I expressed -- we had board
members or Mr. Bonsell had concerns about teaching
evolution, and I told her about Mr. Bonsell's concerns
about carbon-14 dating, species evolution. I believe
from the very beginning Mrs. Spahr mentioned to me
creationism many times.

So I wasn't going to convince Mrs. Spahr that she was wrong in not thinking this. So until -- and it's this whole way through. Until I get something specific that I could tackle with the teachers and say, look, this is what they want done now, how do we address that, until then, I'm just saying -- you know, before we were talking about mentioning something, now it's a 50/50 split, I don't know what that's going to look like, we just might have to do something in the future.

So, no, I did not address any of this with Mrs. Spahr. I was meeting with Mrs. Spahr all the time anyway on the issue.

Q. That's exactly right, Mr. Baksa. And I know

- this is difficult, but you went to Mrs. Spahr right
  after the retreat --
  - A. Right.

- Q. -- and talked to her about what

  Mr. Bonsell's issues were with the teaching of

  evolution, but you didn't go back to her and say, this

  isn't what I said to you. It may be what you think is

  happening, but it's not what I said to you. You never

  did that. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you have to admit, Mr. Baksa, it's pretty unfair to Dr. Peterman to say that Dr. Peterman is exaggerating and being untruthful if you don't know what Mrs. Spahr told her. Would you agree with that? This might be exactly what Mrs. Spahr told Dr. Peterman. Isn't that right?
- A. I never thought of it. Mrs. Spahr could have told her that, yeah.
- Q. So it's pretty unfair to Dr. Peterman to say that she's exaggerating or being untruthful in this memo when you don't know if this isn't exactly what Mrs. Spahr told her?
- A. What I would say is fair to Dr. Peterman is whether Mrs. Spahr did this -- told her that or not, for Dr. Peterman to just fire off a memo to us to

address this without ever having confirmed with me

what did I really tell her, what is the real issue,

what concerns did I hear from the board, you know,

Mrs. -- Dr. Peterman is committing to a memo what

Mrs. Spahr -- supposedly I told Mrs. Spahr.

So it's not a conversation I had with Dr. Peterman, and to me I think it's fair to characterize Dr. Peterman jumping the gun without checking to see is this really true. I think that's fair to characterize it that way.

- Q. Well, Mr. Baksa, given how much uncertainty there is about what individuals in this school community have said over this issue, don't you think it's a good practice to write down what you've heard?
- A. As a matter of record, not as a memo to take action without confirming it.
- Q. Now, if you look at what's written here, you've got this 50/50 aspect. That part of it you agree is right?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Alan Bonsell did say something at that board meeting about -- at that board retreat about teaching something 50/50 with evolution. Isn't that right?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And creationism, the second half of this

proposition, is exactly what's reflected in Dr. Nilsen's notes. Isn't that right?

A. Yes.

- Q. So when you look at that all together, this may be exactly what you told Mrs. Spahr. Don't you agree? 50/50, creationism? Sort of all coming together?
- A. Honestly, I really remember reacting to this thinking that Bert or Dr. Peterman, as you pointed out, that they got it wrong, that that's not what anybody was advocating. Because the other piece is, teaching creationism is a non-starter. It's not going to happen. It's not legal, so it's not nobody is advocating I hadn't heard that being advocated. And if somebody is talking about it, it's not going to happen.
- Q. Well, Mr. Baksa, you're not really saying that Mr. Bonsell didn't talk about teaching creationism, you just don't remember one way or the other. Isn't that right?
- A. Right, I don't remember him talking about it at the retreat.
  - Q. You don't remember one way or the other?
  - A. Correct.
    - Q. Now, after this retreat, you had further

- conversations with Mr. Bonsell about his concerns about the school's teaching of evolution?
  - A. I'm sorry?
  - Q. After this retreat, after this April 1st memo --
    - A. Yes.

- Q. -- you had further conversations over the following months with Mr. Bonsell about his concerns about the teaching of evolution. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. He had conveyed that he had some problems with the text and the way evolution is taught?
- A. Well, he didn't -- his concerns with the text were the presentation of Darwin. Actually, after the retreat, I had met with Mr. Bonsell and heard his concerns about the treatment of Darwin in texts prior. I met with him separately after the retreat to find out what 50/50 was all about.
- Q. So he had already expressed concerns about the text and how it presented Darwin's theory of evolution. Right?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And then you subsequently found out he had questions about the accuracy of carbon dating.
- 25 Correct?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. And he had some problems with the idea of speciation. Correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. He was worried that teachers were teaching bears to whales. Correct?
- A. He had simply reported to me -- my understanding is that he had seen a video that was showing the evolution of a bear into a whale, and he found that highly improbable or ludicrous to think that that could happen.
- Q. Another thing he expressed to you was that he was concerned that if students were taught Darwin's theory of evolution, that might conflict with what they were being taught at home. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you understand that to mean what they were taught about origins from a religious perspective, don't you, conflict with what they were taught at home about origins from a religious perspective?
- A. I don't understand Mr. Bonsell's concern to mean that it conflicts with religious beliefs, just that it would be -- if anybody believed in anything other than Darwin, that it would conflict with that.

But I didn't have an understanding that it was solely religious beliefs.

- Q. You're not suggesting that Mr. Bonsell was talking about a conflict between the scientific account of evolution taught by Mrs. Miller in biology class and the scientific account of evolution taught by parents? That's not what Mr. Bonsell was talking about, was he?
- A. I think he was just expressing that parents and students may have different beliefs. I mean, we didn't say what those are. He didn't use the word "religious beliefs," and we didn't talk about religion.
- Q. But that's what you understood. Isn't that right, Mr. Baksa? That's the only thing that makes sense?
- A. No, I didn't know -- I can't take away an understanding that that's what Mr. Bonsell meant from his conversation with me. Primarily it focused on his concerns with Darwin, the teaching of -- initially his concerns of the teachings of the origins of life in the classroom. And his concern there was that there might be teachings and beliefs at home that conflicted with that.

But we never talked about those being

- 1 religious conflicts, and I didn't pursue, you know,
- 2 that line of questioning of him to find out further.
- 3 It was enough for me to take to the teachers a concern
- 4 about origins of life, for us to address that.
- 5 THE COURT: Mr. Rothschild, at any place you
- 6 want to take a break, since I assume you're going to
- 7 be in this for a little while --
- 8 MR. ROTHSCHILD: Just a few more questions,
- 9 Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.
- 11 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. Now, whatever beliefs at home Mr. Bonsell
- was talking about, in this upcoming school year, his
- own son was going to be in biology class, right, in
- 15 2003? Is that right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. So this issue was particularly important to
- 18 Mr. Bonsell?
- 19 A. Because of his son?
- Q. Because his son would learn something in
- 21 biology class that might conflict with what he learns
- 22 at home.
- A. Mr. Bonsell didn't say that to me.
- Q. You do know his son was going to be taking
- 25 the biology class?

1 A. Yes.

2 MR. ROTHSCHILD: This would be a good time 3 for a break.

THE COURT: Let's take a recess here for about 20 minutes, and then we'll resume with the cross of Mr. Rothschild. We'll be in recess.

(Recess taken.)

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rothschild, we'll pick up where we left off.

10 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

- Q. Mr. Baksa, in the fall of 2003, you discussed Mr. Bonsell's concerns about the teaching of evolution with the teachers. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. So that's at least the second time that they have heard from you that a specific board member has some pretty serious concerns about how they teach evolution. Correct?
- A. The fall of 2003, that's -- we met with Mr. Bonsell.
- Q. Before that you told them about his concerns. Correct?
  - A. Yes, before that.
- Q. And so that's at least the second time that you communicated to them that there is an issue with

- 1 their teaching of evolution. Correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. At least the second time, may have been more?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you communicated to them, for example, that Mr. Bonsell had concerns about their teaching the origins of life. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you understand that term to mean, as

  Mr. Bonsell was using it, the teaching of changes from

  species to species. Correct?
  - A. And probably how life began, initiated.
- 0. Macroevolution?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Common ancestry?
- 17 A. I don't remember Mr. Bonsell talking about common ancestry.
  - Q. But he did have a concern with the teaching of macroevolution. Correct?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. Speciation? He had a concern about teaching speciation?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. And you do understand that macroevolution,

- 1 speciation, are elements of the theory of evolution.
- 2 Correct?

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- 3 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you arranged a meeting with Mr. Bonsell and the teachers. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And in that meeting, Mrs. Miller explained how she taught evolution?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And one of the things she communicated was that she does not teach origins of life. Correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And you understood that to mean that she was not teaching macroevolution and speciation. Correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
  - Q. Including that modern man, homo sapiens, descended from lower creatures. Correct?
- A. I'm sorry, again?
- Q. You understood that included within that was that she was not teaching that modern man, homo sapiens, had evolved from lower creatures. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you felt that information seemed to satisfy Mr. Bonsell?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 You left that meeting feeling that there had Q. been some meeting of the minds? 2 3
  - Α. Very much so.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: Matt, could you call up Defendants' Exhibit 286. May I approach, Your Honor? THE COURT: You may.

BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

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- Mr. Baksa, this is a document that Mr. Gillen asked you about during your direct testimony. Do you recognize that?
  - Α. Yes.
- Okay. And this is the draft curriculum change which says that students will be able to demonstrate awareness of other theories of the origin of life, including, but not limited to, creationism. Matt, if you could blow up that left-hand corner. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- And it says students will be able to demonstrate awareness of creationism, so that would indicate some form of assessment. Correct?
- That language would indicate that somehow Α. the teacher would be able to know that the students have an awareness.
  - Q. And it indicates that there will be a

- 1 textbook for this unit of the biology curriculum.
- 2 Correct?

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- 3 Α. Yes.
  - Now, this is something that you didn't produce until -- I think it was September of this year?
    - To counsel? Α.
- 8 Yes. Q.
  - Yes, yes. Α.
- 10 And when you found it, you turned it over to him as soon as you saw it. Correct? 11
- 12 Α. Yes.
  - And you testified, I think it was Friday of this trial, the first day of your testimony here, that this is a document from, you think, the fall of 2003, and you think that because of the other documents you found it with. Correct?
  - Well, I found this document with documents Α. that were dated in August of that year, so summer, fall.
    - And you're confident that this is something that you created?
- 23 Well, as I explained to you prior, when I 24 found the document, I didn't remember creating the document, was surprised to see it. I do remember

- initially Dr. Nilsen giving me language that had
  origins of life in it, to look at possibly including
  language in a curriculum draft to address any concerns
  Mr. Bonsell might have. So I don't remember creating
  this document, but I believe I'm the only one who
  could create this document physically.
  - Q. And sitting here today, you do remember getting some kind of curriculum language from Dr. Nilsen or Mr. Bonsell?
    - A. Not from Mr. Bonsell, from Dr. Nilsen, yes.
  - Q. In fact, you remember him giving you a document in this form with some handwritten notes on it. Correct?
    - A. Right.
  - Q. And that may well have been the basis for what you created here. Right?
- 17 A. Yes.

- Q. Because you did not, on your own initiative, decide to add a unit to the biology curriculum that included creationism. Correct?
  - A. Well, can I explain the document?
- Q. Please.
  - A. Okay. I may have included the word "creationism" in this document. The document, as you know, was never distributed.

Q. I don't know that, but if that's your testimony.

A. I believe it was not because there were copies that were attached to it yet. And literally what I did, without reviewing this -- what I believe happened, without reviewing this with anybody, is, I simply took the language that normally you would use in writing curriculum and demonstrate -- you want to use language that results in some student activity, took that language, the state standards there, lecture would simply repeat, textbook would be just repeated without having a textbook that had creationism to do this.

My thinking, even with this, which is —
from the start is that maybe, to answer some of the
concerns of Mr. Bonsell or other board members, we
would have to mention something, say something, prior
to beginning the unit on evolution. So this would be
consistent with my drafting some language to answer
the concerns of some board members.

- Q. So it wasn't your own initiative to -- it wasn't something you thought up on your own to add this creationism language, you were anticipating the board's position?
  - A. Well, up to this point, I can only -- you

know, not remembering doing that, but up to this

point, I mean, Messiah talked about, you know,

mentioning other theories, creationism, that that

would make for a rich discussion, not teach it, but

mention it. I knew the teachers were mentioning that

already prior to their teaching the theory of

evolution.

So it was just -- and I knew Mrs. Spahr thought this is what Alan was talking about or Alan wanted in the curriculum. So if language like -- you know, it's very possible that if language like this then would be all that was necessary to answer Mr. Bonsell's concerns, it's likely that I could draft language like this.

- Q. You weren't doing this for Mrs. Spahr's benefit?
  - A. No.

- Q. You didn't put creationism in because Mrs. Spahr was thinking that Alan Bonsell wanted creationism?
- A. No, I'm only saying that Mrs. Spahr is thinking that what we're talking about is creationism.
- Q. But Mrs. Spahr didn't create this, and you weren't doing this for her. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. You were doing it for another reason which you can't remember right now?
  - A. Well, I can tell you very clearly I'd be doing this to address the concerns of a board member.
    - Q. Concerns of Mr. Bonsell?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. All right. Moving forward to 2004, the issue of teaching evolution arose again around the selection of the biology textbook. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- MR. ROTHSCHILD: Matt, could you pull up

  Plaintiffs' Exhibit 817. May I approach, Your Honor?

  THE COURT: You may.
- 14 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
  - Q. Mr. Baksa, what we've marked as P817 is your notes of a meeting with Mr. Buckingham about the biology textbook?
    - A. Correct.
  - Q. And this is where you're listening to him describe his sort of page-by-page problems with the book. Correct?
    - A. That's right.
  - Q. And what he's complaining about is that the textbook addresses things that he considers to be origins of life. Correct? That's one of the main

- 1 | things he's communicating to you?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. He has a problem with, for example, the mention of common ancestors which you see on Item 7 and 8?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And, for example, 8 says, Common descent and species descend into species?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. And Mr. Buckingham thinks that's problematic. Correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
  - Q. And, again, you do understand that common ancestry and this descent from one species to another, that is part of the theory of evolution. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And I think if we look at Item 9, it indicates, Page 393, he says, It points students to research the theory of evolution, paren., more, close paren. That's right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that was something else that

  Mr. Buckingham was pointing out as a problem in the

  book?
- A. Yeah. I'm not really sure what that one is,

1 though.

- Q. But you're writing down things he has a problem with. Right?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And one of the things he has a problem with is that students might research the theory of evolution more. Correct?
    - A. That's what -- yeah.
  - Q. And from Mr. Buckingham's standpoint, that's a bad thing?
  - A. I just know what I -- I knew that -- you know, my understanding that these are items that he found, and I tried to capture his objection. So all I really have to go on are my notes, for the most part.
  - Q. Fair enough. You can put that aside. Now, you attended the two meetings in June where the biology textbook was discussed, the two board meetings?
  - A. The board meetings, yes.
    - Q. And you remember that there were a number of news articles about those meetings?
      - A. Yes.
  - Q. And you read those articles around the time they were published?
- A. I probably did.

- Q. And they reported about statements made by board members on the subject of the biology textbook.

  Correct?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And one of the things the papers report is that Mr. Buckingham talked about creationism at the June meetings. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And you remember that. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. It was said in the context of discussing the selection of the biology textbook. Correct?
- A. I'm pretty sure it was -- I remember

  Mrs. Callahan questioning why we weren't moving on the

  biology books, and I remember a back-and-forth

  exchange with Mr. Buckingham. And I believe somewhere

  in there creation, I don't remember the exact context,

  but I remember Mr. Buckingham saying creationism.
  - O. He talked about creationism?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. So if anyone that attended the June meeting says that Mr. Buckingham didn't talk about creationism, you know that's not correct?
    - A. Well, I remember him saying that.
    - Q. Just like the papers reported?

1 A. Correct.

- Q. They also report that Mr. Buckingham stated that the biology textbook recommended by the teachers was laced with Darwinism. And you remember him saying that, don't you?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And they report that Mr. Buckingham stated that 2,000 years ago a man died on a Cross, can't we take a stand for Him now, and you know that he said that, as well. Correct?
- A. Yep, but what I don't remember is, I don't remember if that's in the June board meeting.
  - Q. You were at --
  - A. I remember him saying that.
  - Q. You were at the board meeting when

    Mr. Buckingham said those words. Correct? You were

    present when he said that?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And it could have been at one of the June meetings as has been reported by the newspapers.

  Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And as many witnesses have testified at this trial?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. You have no reason to dispute that the statement was made at one of the June meetings?
  - A. Well, I don't remember it. I remember hearing it, but I can't place it at the June meeting myself from my memory.
  - Q. You have no reason to place it at the November meetings, either, do you, on the pledge?
    - A. Well, I don't remember --
    - Q. You have no memory?
    - A. Yeah, I don't remember when it was said.
  - Q. Now, another thing that the papers reported is that Mr. Buckingham said, This country was founded on -- was not founded on Muslim beliefs or evolution, this country was founded on Christianity, and our students should be taught as such. And you remember him saying something to that effect, as well, don't you?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And, again, you have no reason to dispute the newspapers that said this was said in June when the biology book was being discussed. Right?
- A. Actually, I forget what I say in my dep, but --
- Q. You're testifying, Mr. Baksa. We go to the dep afterwards.

- A. I actually thought he said that not in June, but that would have been when the under the pledge was being discussed, I guess that November period.
- Q. So your memory today is that Muslim beliefs and evolution was being discussed not when evolution was being discussed but in a controversy over the pledge?
- A. No, I don't remember evolution and Muslim beliefs being tied together. I remember him talking about -- yeah, I surrendered a document to counsel that is a phone call from an Afghanistan native of Dover. And I believe -- I don't think it's dated, but I believe his concerns about Mr. Buckingham's remark, what you just said, was during that earlier period. And I don't remember -- I mean, you have the notes, but I don't remember in my notes writing anything about evolution.
- Q. Okay. Why don't we turn to Page 79 of your March deposition.
  - A. Okay.

- Q. Actually, if you look at Page 78, you'll see that I'm asking you questions about a June 9, 2004 article from the York Daily Record. Do you see that?
  - A. I'm reading.
  - Q. Do you see that on Page 78?

- 1 A. Can I read it?
  - Q. Yeah, sure.
    - A. Okay.
  - Q. I'm asking you about a June 9th article.

5 Right?

- A. Yep.
- Q. And then if you go down to Page 79, Line 14, I ask you, Then the next paragraph he's quoted as saying -- the "he" being Mr. Buckingham -- This country wasn't founded on Muslim beliefs or evolution, this country was founded on Christianity, and our students should be taught as such. Do you remember him saying that? You answered: Yes. I asked, What were the circumstances in which he said that? And you answered: I don't remember when he said that or the circumstances. I just remember him saying that and hearing that.

So as of your deposition on March 9th, you had no memory of when he said that?

- A. Right, that's correct.
- Q. The papers also reported that Mr. Buckingham stated that liberals in black robes were taking away the rights of Christians in this country.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And you remember him saying that, too?

- A. Yeah, I think I said I remembered that,
  yeah.
  - Q. Now, after these meetings, two meetings in June, you had a meeting of the curriculum committee with the science teachers?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. And that was a meeting that was initiated so Bill Buckingham could articulate his concerns about the textbook and how evolution was being taught.
- 10 Correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. So the teachers were meeting for the second time in this school year with a board member on the subject of how they taught evolution?
  - A. With the whole board curriculum committee.
- Q. And this was right after the two meetings in June where the biology textbook was discussed.
- 18 Correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Where you remember Mr. Buckingham talking about creationism?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And when he may have said his 2,000 years ago statement. Right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. Now, you can't remember any other academic subject where Dover School Board members have so directly confronted teachers on an area of curriculum, can you?
- A. Well, just the two that I testified to before, the family consumer science was a concern of Mrs. Brown and also the fundamentals of success.
- Q. But they weren't meeting with teachers to discuss the content of how the teachers taught the subject. Correct? I mean, that wasn't what happened with those topics. Right?
- A. Those topics primarily were whether the course was -- whether it warranted or not us having the course.
- Q. But there was never any other instance at Dover where teachers were being questioned so much about how they taught a specific unit of the subject?
  - A. I don't remember it.
- Q. I mean, in your fairly long career as a teacher and administrator, you've never seen anything quite like this, have you, where board members are directly questioning teachers on multiple occasions about how they teach a specific area of the curriculum?
  - A. I've seen a lot of things, so -- nothing

that -- I know that very typically the matter -matters like sex education, matters like evolution,
typically that those are sensitive subjects for
parents and students, and in any district typically
you might have to address concerns in the teaching of
that. That is typical.

- Q. But here you've got board members already twice sitting down with the teachers complaining about how they teach a specific area of the curriculum.

  Correct?
- A. Well, the complaint isn't what they're -the board members were actually fine with what they
  were teaching. The concern was -- Mr. Buckingham's
  concern, for the most part, was the presentation of
  Darwin in the book and what the book was saying.
  Mr. Bonsell's concern actually was answered by the
  teachers when he found out origins of life wasn't
  taught.

The first meeting included family consumer science teachers, and, for the most part, teachers presented their justifications for the books and the board curriculum committee listened. The second meeting we now had very specific concerns from Mr. Buckingham on the biology text and his concerns with the presentation of evolution there.

So that was a little bit -- and we just had -- the second meeting included just the science teachers. The family consumer science teachers were not in that meeting.

- Q. And I'm not talking about what I think is an April or May curriculum meeting, I'm really talking about Mr. Bonsell sitting down with the teachers in September and then Mr. Buckingham and the rest of the curriculum committee sitting down with the teachers in June and really getting into the details of how evolution was taught or how evolution is presented in the textbook.
  - A. Correct.

- Q. You would agree this puts quite a bit of pressure on the teachers to have to justify how they're teaching evolution, how they're presenting evolution to board members in this fashion?
- A. Well, it's not unusual, if board members have questions about a unit of study, to meet with teachers and have them explain exactly what they do. I mean, I -- with the family consumer science and the fundamentals, I mean, I did prepare -- have the teachers prepare unit outlines and justifications for that and had the books available for Mrs. Brown to review.

So, you know, it's not unusual to ask the

teachers to do some things so that we can get a clear

explanation of what's going on in the classroom and to

answer board concerns. That's actually a good thing

because that's how you clear things up.

- Q. You would agree what happened here with the subject of evolution put quite a bit of pressure on the teachers, wouldn't you?
- A. Well, the teachers were frustrated in this aspect, that, you know, they sat down with Mr. Bonsell, thought they had everything settled, didn't think there was going to be another concern, and Mr. Buckingham seemed to bring up the same issues, and they had to go through all this justification again.

Mrs. Spahr, I believe I have an e-mail from her where, you know, she's frustrated and venting her frustration to me having to do this all over again. In that sense, it was stressful for them that they continued to have to -- in their minds, continued to have to explain what they were teaching in classrooms and why the Miller and Levine book that they want is a good book for them.

Q. Mr. Baksa, you would agree that there was a lot of pressure on these teachers, yes or no?

- A. Pressure to do what, though?
- Q. Pressure about their teaching. The board was in their face on this particular subject. You would agree there was a lot of pressure on them, wouldn't you?
- A. No, because teaching -- Mr. Buckingham and Mr. Bonsell were okay with what the teachers were teaching. So the --
  - Q. Is your answer no, Mr. Baksa?
- A. The pressure was to justify Miller and Levine. I think if they were going to have any pressure, they wanted to get this book passed, and we were not able to convince Mr. Buckingham to throw his support for the book. But what was going on in the classroom, even Mr. Buckingham at the June meeting agreed that, you know, he had no problems with them teaching change over time within a species.
- Q. Everybody was happy with that as long as they weren't teaching macroevolution?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. Weren't teaching speciation?
- 22 A. Yes.

- Q. Now, Mrs. Miller did talk about how she teaches the evolution of Darwin's finches. Correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. You understand that those are multiple species of finches?
  - A. Well --

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- Q. Yes or no?
  - A. I mean, yeah, I quess.

6 MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You may.

## BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

- Q. Mr. Baksa, what I've shown you are

  Defendants' Exhibits 19 and 20, which you looked at in

  your direct testimony, as well. And am I correct in

  understanding that these are notes of the curriculum

  committee meeting in the middle of June, 2004?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And on Defendants' Exhibit 19, in addition to your notes, we have the survey of biology books used in area schools. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And that's something that -- a document you prepared? This is a document you prepared?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And it was based on research or investigation that you and your staff did. Correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, this survey of these schools is

1 something that Dr. Nilsen asked you to do. Correct?

- A. That's what I remember, yes.
- Q. And you don't know why. Correct?
- A. Dr. Nilsen did not explain why.
- Q. And Mr. Gillen asked you why the survey only includes parochial schools, and you answered that the teachers had already seen all the books offered by mainstream publishers, which is what all the local public schools were using. Does that accurately capture your testimony?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And, of course, you understand that the public schools are the schools that are required to abide by the establishment clause of the First Amendment?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And so you and the teachers already knew what all the alternatives were from the mainstream publishers that were used by the schools bound by the First Amendment. Correct? Right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So this was really only a search for books that did not fall within that universe. Correct?
- A. Well, in my mind -- and I think I have testified to this, and I thought about this a little

bit more since both depositions -- Dr. Nilsen didn't

tell me why he wanted me to just research these

schools. I did do that. I also researched our

home-schoolers, what books they might use.

But this would have come after our teachers -- and I'm thinking about it now and answering you. We have Mr. Buckingham's concern with the Miller and Levine book. We've already, at the May meeting, presented the justification why we need the books. And we've already reviewed -- teachers already did the review of all those mainstream books or books typically in the public schools.

So in my mind, we're looking for -
Mr. Buckingham wants us to look at other books. We're
looking for other books that may address his concerns
with the treatment of Darwinism in the teaching of
evolution. These are the only sources that you would
go to. That's me talking. That's not Dr. Nilsen
making that explanation.

- Q. And that's exactly right, you already know all the books used by the public schools. Right?
- A. Yeah, our teachers would have gotten them from the mainstream publishers.
- Q. All the books used by the schools bound by the First Amendment. Right?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And this is a search of parochial schools.
- 3 Correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. Which are not bound by the First Amendment.
  6 Correct?
  - A. I'm taking your word for that. I mean, I don't think public -- public schools can present material -- or that private schools could present, in my mind could present material that public schools could not.
    - Q. Correct. And similarly, home schools or home-schoolers are not bound by the establishment clause of the First Amendment. Right?
      - A. Right.
  - Q. And you looked for books that they used, as well?
- 18 A. Yes.
  - Q. Including, you found out, a book that was published by the Bob Jones University Press. Correct?
    - A. Right.
- Q. Which you also understand to be a religious school. Right?
  - A. Yeah.
- Q. So these were the places you went to look

- for a book that would satisfy Mr. Buckingham.
- 2 Correct?

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- A. Yes.
  - Q. Now, Exhibit 19 refers to *Icons of Evolution*, and it looks like Cold Water Media?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. That's one of the videos that Mr. Buckingham got from the Discovery Institute. Correct?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. So we know that this meeting happened after Mr. Buckingham's communications with the Discovery Institute. Correct?
- 13 A. Right.
- Q. And below that you write, Topic 1, we will review tape and offer flaws if found around our content. Correct?
  - A. Right.
  - Q. So what you're indicating here is that the teaching of evolution in Dover High School would be revised to include information from this tape.
- 21 Correct?
- A. The teachers -- and I'm not sure -- I think
  they did review it prior to this already. And what
  we're trying to do at this meeting is come to some
  agreement to get the textbook, Miller and Levine. And

- the conditions that we worked out and the compromises
  that we worked out, this was one of those compromises,
  that the teachers would go back, look at the tape, if
  there's anything that fit their the standards or
  their specific content, then they would look at
  possibly using that information from the tape.
  - Q. They would offer the flaws that were found, that were presented on this tape. Right?
    - A. Around their specific content.
    - Q. Right.
- THE COURT: Mr. Rothschild, what's that exhibit number again?
- MR. ROTHSCHILD: That's Defendants' Exhibit

  14 19.
- THE COURT: Thank you.
- 16 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

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- Q. So what they were saying is they would look at the tape and offer the flaws presented in that tape around the material on evolution that they already had from their textbook or their curriculum. Right?
- A. Yeah. But there is another piece of information we have. The teachers have already reviewed the tape. And I remember talking to them, and I think one of the things that they told me about is that *Icons* dealt with the origins of life and it

didn't deal with the content that they presented in their class, so we can make that offer to

Mr. Buckingham, but I think the teachers already know there's no match. So when you say that it would be used in the curriculum, I think the teachers already made a determination that it would not be appropriate and there's no match to use.

- Q. They didn't say that to Mr. Buckingham at this meeting?
  - A. No. They agreed to review the tape and --
- Q. In order to get Mr. Buckingham to approve the standard biology textbook, they're agreeing to take this material from the Discovery Institute's videotape and add it to their curriculum. Right?
- A. Yes. They were willing to review it to see if they could do that, right.
- Q. Now, at this time did you know anything about the Discovery Institute?
  - A. No.

- Q. Mr. Buckingham apparently did?
- A. Well, I mean, I got the materials from them and I heard they're from the Discovery Institute, but I don't think I had any more information than that.
- Q. Really, the only person there who had information about the Discovery Institute was

1 Mr. Buckingham?

- A. I believe so.
- Q. And, for example, did you know about the Discovery Institute's Wedge document?
  - A. No. I've already testified that I think the first time I saw that was in the complaint.
- Q. Fair enough. So at the time that the administration and the teachers were indicating their willingness to Mr. Buckingham to incorporate content from this tape, nobody but Mr. Buckingham knew anything about the Discovery Institute except for Mr. Buckingham?
- A. Yeah, I don't believe the teachers or I were given information.
- Q. But they were agreeing to do this because that's what Bill Buckingham wanted?
  - A. I'd agree with that.
- Q. But at the same time neither Mr. Buckingham nor yourself nor anybody else was actually -- had actually gone to any of the mainstream scientific organizations to find out whether the materials, the content of *Icons*, had any scientific or academic merit. Correct?
- A. No, although the teachers felt that it was accurate in that it pointed -- while it didn't offer

an explanation for some of the gaps, that it did
fairly portray those areas of Darwin's theory that
were less supported.

- Q. They thought Icons was accurate science?
- A. Yes, they did.
- Q. Now, the next note down says, Intelligent design instead of creationism. Right?
  - A. Right.
- Q. So here we're bringing intelligent design into this discussion of the curriculum committee. Right?
- 12 A. Yes.

- Q. And you don't remember who initiated the subject of intelligent design at this meeting, do you?
- A. No. And I think I -- I'm not sure what I testified to about that. But I think what my note is -- as we were working through, you know, the components of this compromise, one of the components is going to be some curriculum language. And thinking about it now, you have Mr. Buckingham mentioning creationism in June, and I think what we're saying is it's not creationism that we're going to put into language, it's going to be intelligent design.
- Q. Okay. But you don't know who initiated that idea. Right?

1 A. That's correct.

- Q. And, in fact, at that meeting you didn't even know what intelligent design was?
- A. This is June. We didn't get the *Panda* books until July, I believe. I mean, it was mentioned at Messiah, but I don't think there was a full explanation of it.
- Q. I mean, at this meeting, so far as you can tell, nobody knows what it is?
- A. I'm trying to think. I don't think we received any materials on intelligent design prior to this meeting. I can't remember any.
- Q. So the answer is yes, at this meeting, nobody knows what intelligent design is?
- A. Well, I can't -- I know I haven't received the materials to understand what intelligent design is, but --
  - Q. Nobody else has explained it. Right?
- A. No, no, remember Mrs. Spahr does have -remember when she got those legal opinions for
  teaching creationism, within that there was some
  discussion in there about intelligent design.
  - Q. So Mrs. Spahr thinks it's creationism?
- A. Yes. But I don't remember in those -- I mean, if you're asking me what intelligent design is,

- I don't recall -- know that if in those documents
  there was an explanation to allow Mrs. Spahr to make a
  judgment about that, that's all.
  - Q. Fair enough. At this June curriculum meeting, you don't know what intelligent design is and you don't know that anybody else knows what it is.

    Right?
    - A. That's right, I don't know that.
  - Q. So far as you can tell, it's just two words replacing the one word "creationism" that Bill Buckingham brought up in June. Right?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And this mention of intelligent design instead of creationism is occurring after

  Mr. Buckingham has had discussions with the Discovery Institute. Correct?
  - A. I think so.
- Q. Now, if we could go to Exhibit 20, which are additional notes from this meeting. The middle of the page you have a note that Bill would like both taught, he wants intelligent design taught. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you also have right above that as a to-do item, Opinion on intelligent design. Correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And what you mean by that is a legal opinion. Right?
  - A. I believe so, yes.

- Q. And you eventually did receive an e-mail with a legal opinion from the school solicitor.

  Correct?
- A. Well, the e-mail that we've already presented here deals with *Of Pandas*. I did send the solicitor the curriculum language that included intelligent design, and I don't think I got -- I remember talking to him about it.
  - Q. We have to be careful here.

MR. GILLEN: Thank you, Eric.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

THE COURT: You don't want to get into what you were told by counsel, and that's not what Mr. Rothschild's question was. And it's perfectly all right for you not to get into an area that's privileged. And I'll listen for an objection, but with that clarification, why don't you rephrase or get another question on the floor.

- BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. We'll talk about the e-mail memo later, but let me just move on.
- 25 A. Okay.

- Q. Another thing you have here right below what we just looked at is, To do, is *Descent of Man* in library? Right?
  - Q. And Decent of Man is one of the books written by Charles Darwin. Is that your understanding?
    - A. Yes.

Α.

Yes.

- Q. And it deals with exactly what it sounds like, right, the descent of man from other creatures?
  - A. I haven't read it, but I guess.
  - Q. That's your understanding?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. I haven't read it, either, but that's my understanding. Now, that was something brought up by Mr. Buckingham, wasn't it?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And he asked that because that book deals with the origins of life as he understands it.

    Correct?
- A. What I remember is, I think he looked at
  this or portions of it. He was doing a lot of
  research on the Internet. My recollection is that he
  had problems and concerns with the book *Descent of*Man, and his question was -- you know, he wanted to

- 1 know if that is in our library, if our students would
  2 have access to that book.
  - Q. He wanted you to find that out?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you understood he wanted you to find that out because he didn't think it should be in the library. Correct?
- A. Well, he didn't say that. I mean, he just wanted to know if it was in the library. I know he had concerns he didn't think it was a good book.
- Q. He certainly wasn't asking you to find out if it was in the library so it could be moved over to the science classroom. Correct?
  - A. You could say that.
- Q. Now, moving forward into July, the 2004 version of Miller and Levine came on the scene.
- 17 Correct?
- A. I'm sorry?
  - Q. Moving into July, the 2004 version of Miller and Levine came onto the scene. Right?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. And you and the teachers reviewed it very carefully on the subject of evolution?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Because that was the subject that the board

was concerned about?

2 A. Yes.

- Q. And you said that the teachers were happy with the 2004 version because -- and tell me if I'm characterizing your testimony correctly -- it discussed gaps in evolution more than the 2002 version?
- A. Yeah. When we went through both editions, we found a number of areas that we felt addressed

  Mr. Buckingham's concerns and thought that he would be happy with the changes that were in the new edition.
- Q. Including that it was more forthcoming about gaps in evolution?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So from the standpoint of faculty and administration, the board no longer had a reason to worry that gaps in the theory of evolution weren't being taught. Is that fair?
  - A. Could you ask that again?
- Q. After reviewing this new version of Miller and Levine, from the administration and the faculty's perspective, there was no longer a reason to worry that gaps in evolution weren't being taught. Is that fair?
  - A. From the position of the teachers and

1 administrators?

Q. Yes.

A. Well, I don't know that I came to that conclusion. I mean, for the most part, I'm looking at trying to get the book approved and trying to answer the concerns of the board and have the teachers address their concerns.

What the effect of those changes were, you know, both for the teachers and for administration, I mean, I don't know that I know that. I mean, we thought it was good that that was in there because that wasn't in there before, and that's something very specific that board members had talked about.

- Q. Now, none of the other science books used by Dover students or actually any other aspect of the Miller and Levine biology textbook has ever been examined, to the best of your knowledge, to see if it reports the relevant gaps in scientific knowledge in other areas. Right?
  - A. None of the other science classes?
- Q. Nobody has examined the chemistry book or physics book to see if they accurately report gaps in scientific knowledge relevant to those areas of study, have they?
  - A. Not while I've been there. I mean, I don't

1 know.

- Q. And, in fact, nobody looked at the biology book, any version of the biology book, to see if it correctly reported gaps in other aspects of biology besides evolution. Correct?
- A. Yeah, I don't remember the board having concerns in other sections of the biology book other than that one section.
- Q. Now, eventually Pandas came on the scene. Right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you agree with what Dr. Nilsen testified, that the teachers complained about the book having faulty science, being dated, and having readability issues beyond grade level. Right?
- A. Right. Mrs. Spahr said she found something that was inaccurate scientifically. I know Jen had done a readability study on it. And it was an old copyright for the book.
- Q. And these are three problems that the teachers communicated, faulty science, dated, readability. Right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And then you had a district specialist, reading specialist, Dr. Butterfield, do a readability

solicitor, Stephen Russell, or that Dr. Nilsen

1 received?

- A. Right, Dr. Nilsen received it.
- Q. And at the curriculum committee meeting at the end of August, this document was circulated to a number of people, including teachers and curriculum committee members. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. And this is something you had seen?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. Now, one of the things that is -- that
    Mr. Russell says here is that the Thomas More Law
    Center refers to the creationism issue as intelligent
    design. Right?
- MR. GILLEN: Objection, Your Honor, again, just to any characterization of the document. That's Mr. Russell's description of our position, not our own.
- THE COURT: What's the objection?
  - MR. GILLEN: I just want to make it clear for the record that this is Mr. Russell's description of our position, not anything we told him. Objection, hearsay, is, I guess, it.
  - THE COURT: On your first objection, you're making an argument instead of an objection, and that's not appropriate. You know that.

1 MR. GILLEN: That's correct.

THE COURT: You can save that. So that's overruled. Now what's your -- so you default to what?

MR. GILLEN: I default to this, that statement by Mr. Russell is hearsay in that he's purporting to characterize whatever he heard from whomever he spoke with at our organization. That's hearsay, and I object to it.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: And I want to be -- first of all, we're introducing it for what the board members, teachers, and administrators heard, received from Mr. Russell. I agree that there's hearsay, and I want to be just careful here because Mr. Gillen is going a little bit beyond hearsay and I would suggest testifying here that this is not what they said. And I don't want to make him a witness, and I think there needs to be a remedy of that being stricken, because we don't know that, either.

MR. GILLEN: Well, that's what I'm saying.

This is his -- basically it's hearsay. I don't know who he spoke to, but he is purporting to repeat something that he heard. I have no knowledge of that, and I don't want that hearsay admitted.

THE COURT: Well, you're saying you didn't say it, and now you're saying you didn't have

- 1 | knowledge of it. And what Mr. Rothschild's
- 2 articulated fear is, is that you're opening the door
- 3 and potentially waiving a privilege that exists. I
- don't think you got to that point, but we want to be
- 5 careful.
- Now, on the hearsay objection, it appears to
- 7 | me that Mr. Rothschild is introducing this not for the
- 8 truth but for the impact on the viewer, in this case,
- 9 Mr. Baksa. I don't take it as fact.
- MR. GILLEN: Okay.
- 11 THE COURT: And I don't see that it's being
- 12 introduced for that purpose. So on the second basis,
- 13 I'll overrule the objection, and you may proceed.
- 14 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. So in this e-mail, Mr. Russell reports that
- 16 the Thomas More Law Center, Mr. Thompson, refers to
- 17 the creationism issue as intelligent design. Right?
- 18 That's what he wrote?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. The first paragraph?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And that's something you were aware of
- around the time of this e-mail. Correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. August 26th, 2004?

Α.

Yes.

- Q. And then there is discussion of a textbook here, and you understand that to be *Pandas*. Correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
  - Q. And what Mr. Russell reports from Thomas

    More is that there's been discussions about possible

    litigation, nothing has come about, this suggests to

    me that no one is adopting the textbook. And then he

    says, Because if they were, one can safely assume

    there would have been a legal challenge by someone

    somewhere. Correct?
    - A. Yeah. Can you show --
    - Q. This is all in the first paragraph.
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. If you need to take a minute, I don't mean to rush you through the document. I'm just trying to rush us through the trial.

THE COURT: Why rush now?

MR. ROTHSCHILD: You know, I talked about pressure, there's a little from home.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I agree.

- BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- Q. And certainly Mr. Russell, from his own standpoint, is nowhere suggesting that using *Pandas* in a public school classroom would be legal or

1 constitutional. Correct?

- A. You're asking me whether he thinks it would be legal?
- Q. I'm just asking you to look at what he said here, and nowhere there is he conveying to the readers of this e-mail that using *Pandas* is legal or constitutional. Correct?
- A. I don't see where he's clearly saying that it's illegal.
- Q. I agree with you, he's not saying it's illegal. Right?
  - A. Right.
- Q. But he's also not saying it's legal or constitutional. Correct?
- A. I don't think you'd ever get a lawyer to go out on a limb like that, and I think that's why

  Mr. Russell clearly explains, you know, what legal challenges there might be to the book and for us to consider the use of the book and how the book might be challenged. He's not giving it a -- you know, a totally green light, but he's cautiously advising the board to consider these matters in consideration of use of the book.
- Q. There's certainly nothing in here that the board or the district could rely upon and take comfort

1 that using the book is constitutional. Correct?

- A. Well, this was provided to the board for them to be able to make a decision about the use of the book, and their interpretation and comfort level with the language that Mr. Russell provided, I'm not aware of that.
- Q. Okay. But from your own standpoint, you don't see anything in this document that someone choosing to add the book to the curriculum could rely upon and take comfort that what they're doing is legal. Correct?
- A. Well, again, I don't think it clearly says it's illegal. It says to consider these matters if you were to use the book, you know, that he hasn't found any litigation with the book or its use.
- Q. There's nothing positive in here, is there, Mr. Baksa? There's nothing that a reader could say, we're going to be okay if we use this book? I agree with you it's not saying it's illegal, but there's nothing positive saying, you know, you'll be fine or we think you'll be fine or anything anywhere close to that. Correct?
- A. I would characterize this as Mr. Russell advising caution in using the book.
  - Q. And, in fact, if you go down to the bottom

of the document, he's expressing concerns over a lawsuit that the Dover School District might face.

Correct?

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- A. Yes.
  - Q. And the reason he's concerned is, as he says in the last sentence of the last large paragraph is, that the last several years there has been a lot of discussion, news print, et cetera, for putting religion back in the schools. Right?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. And you knew what he was talking about, didn't you?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. Because, for example, you heard

  Mr. Buckingham talk about creationism. Right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. You heard him talk about it's not a Muslim nation, it's one founded on Christian values. Right?
- 19 A. Right.
  - Q. And you heard him say at one meeting or another, 2,000 years ago a man died on a Cross, can't someone take a stand for Him now? Right?
    - A. Right.
- Q. Now, Mr. Gillen went through a number of documents with you that he described as your research

- on *Pandas*. Correct? You had some notes and some other documents?
  - A. Yes.
- 4 MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?
- 5 THE COURT: You may.
- 6 MR. ROTHSCHILD: Matt, could you put up D35,
- 7 please.

- 8 BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:
- 9 Q. Mr. Baksa, what I've shown you is
  10 Defendants' Exhibit 35. That was one of the documents
- 11 that Mr. Gillen showed you on your direct. Right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And this is an order form from the Institute for Creation Research online store. Correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. And it's an order form for *Pandas*. Right?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. And this is something you did. Right? You went on the Institute for Creation Research online store and pulled up *Pandas*. Correct?
- 21 A. Not me personally.
- Q. Who did that, Mr. Baksa?
- A. Either my secretary or Marsha Hake. I know
  from my notes Marsha Hake did a lot of the research
  for finding this -- I think it was Marsha Hake. And

at one point we wanted to get prices for the book, not order the book, but get pricing information and publishing information where we might -- where the book might be purchased. And then I believe she produced this document for the -- to get us to the Web site.

- Q. Who is Marsha Hake?
- A. She's secretary for the language arts supervisor and the district people personnel director.
  - Q. And this was done on your instruction?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And in the bottom corner of the document, it has a slash 2004 on it. Do you see that, the bottom right-hand corner?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And we asked your counsel to look at the original to see if that had been redacted, and he couldn't find anything. Do you know what the complete date of this document is?
- A. I'd guess July. I remember when we first received a copy of *Pandas*, I gave it to Jen Miller, and I know that we then ordered additional books for board members and other teachers to look at. So I'm guessing July, August.
  - Q. And what it says here, if you look at the

- 1 text, below the picture of *Pandas*, it says,
- 2 Beautifully illustrated, thoroughly researched
- 3 textbook designed for public schools without biblical
- 4 content, contains interpretations of classic evidences
- 5 in harmony with the creation model. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- 7 Q. So that was information you were aware of as
- 8 you researched *Pandas*. Correct?
  - A. Yes.

- 10 Q. Now, in the order information it says,
- 11 Quantity in basket, 50. Right?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- Q. Now, you didn't get 50 copies for the board to read, did you?
- 15 A. No.
- Q. And in July, Mr. Buckingham was still
- talking about ordering 220 copies of *Pandas*. Correct?
- 18 A. Right.
- Q. So 50, that's pretty close to what actually
- 20 | got ordered. Isn't that right?
- 21 A. I believe 60 were ordered.
- Q. But 50 is pretty close?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. Mr. Baksa, were you pursuing this
- 25 information to order the books on the instruction from

1 somebody on the board?

- A. To order the books?
- Q. Yes.
- A. No. The original thought of the books was when we got the books, we first thought we would have those as a resource for the teachers. Then in my research of the book and how it was used, I told Dr. Nilsen, talk to Dr. Gillen. He told me he had 50 copies donated and used them as references in his classroom.
  - Q. Who is this?
- A. Dr. Gillen, who taught at Tomball in Texas. So I had that information. I think 50 is the first number. And then I remember Dr. Nilsen talking about 50 as the number of books that we might look as when it moved from teacher resources to classroom resources, 50 was the number we were talking about. That number wasn't changed until I met with the board curriculum committee to finalize the curriculum language for XI-A.

And at that point it was decided we had three classrooms, there would be 20 put in each classroom, so the number was then 60. I think what we were doing and I really wasn't -- I wasn't involved with -- Dr. Nilsen pretty much handled the book and

getting information out. I was involved initially in buying, you know, sample copies that the teachers reviewed.

And I don't even remember -- I can't tell you, I mean, I don't think we bought the books through the district. I'm pretty sure we didn't. But I think we were getting information for someone to do that, though.

- Q. But you were the ones researching for the anonymous donors, where they could get the book and how much it would cost?
- A. Well, we were researching this to give to our board members to give to whoever was going to buy these books, yeah.
- Q. And you were doing that on the instruction of the board, doing this research?
  - A. Well, Dr. Nilsen told me to do it.
- Q. So Dr. Nilsen told you, find out how much 50 copies --
  - A. Right, right.
  - Q. So that the donor will know how much it will cost?
- A. Right.

THE COURT: Mr. Rothschild, we can stay with this from my standpoint. I don't know if you have any

- Q. And despite all these misgivings by the teachers, Dr. Nilsen sought to have it accepted as a reference text as a way of compromising with Mr. Buckingham. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And the teachers acquiesced to that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. They certainly weren't advocates, were they?
- A. Their first preference would be, right, not to have the book.
- Q. So if anyone suggests that *Pandas* was a good addition to the science curriculum because the teachers accepted it, that wouldn't be a fair representation of the teachers' position, would it?
  - A. I'm sorry?
- Q. If anyone were to suggest that they felt Pandas was a good addition to the science curriculum because the teachers accepted it, that's not really a fair representation of the teachers' position. Would you agree?
- A. I'd agree that the teachers, in looking at getting Miller and Levine, the teachers agreed to have Pandas placed in the curriculum as a -- placed in the classroom at this point we're talking, we're not doing the curriculum yet, at least placed in the classroom

1 as a set of reference texts. Their preference would be not to have to do that, but they would do that so 2 that they could get Miller and Levine. 3

- There's absolutely no way you could construe the teachers as having supported Pandas in any way. Correct?
  - I think that's correct, yeah. Α.
- Let's move forward to the development of curriculum change. Alan Bonsell wanted something put in the curriculum that would require teachers to teach that there are holes in Darwin's theory, wanted the teachers to show the flaws?
  - Α. Yeah, gaps and problems specifically.
- And, again, Mr. Bonsell never paid any attention to any other aspect of the science curriculum in that way, correct, identifying gaps and problems?
  - No, I don't remember anything else. Α.
- Now, as we've looked at, you wrote the first draft of the change to the biology curriculum. Right?
  - Α. Yes.
  - And you showed it to the teachers? Q.
- 23 Α. Yes.

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24 And that was the version that didn't have 0. intelligent design or Pandas in it. Correct?

- 1 A. The teachers, what they returned to me?
  - Q. Why don't we get the exhibit.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: May I approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You may.

## BY MR. ROTHSCHILD:

- Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit P73, and you probably looked at a similar document with a defendants' exhibit number on it. Now, this has a memo that says, Here's the recommended change for biology, the changes were reviewed by the science department. Correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you wrote the first draft of this document. Correct?
- A. Right. Coming out of the August meeting, I was directed to work with the teachers to develop curriculum language. So to get the ball rolling, I wrote a first draft and sent it to them, and they returned this to me.
- Q. Now, when you say "they returned this," are you talking about the next page which has the Bates stamp 29?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, I'm a little confused because I understood from your testimony earlier that you were

1 the only person who created this format of document.

A. Right.

- Q. So the teachers didn't actually go into the system and create this physical document. Right?
- A. No, they would have given me this language and I would have put it into the curriculum.
- Q. And your suggestion that we haven't seen your initial draft, there's something different about this draft, which says, Students will be made aware of gaps in Darwin's theory and of other theories of evolution? Is there something different between this language and the language you proposed?
- A. Yeah, that's what I don't know. There's only one -- the curriculum is kept in my secretary's computer. And there's only one version of that, because you don't want to keep multiple edits of the curriculum where you don't know which one is the proper one.

So whenever I would give her language to change it, she would write over the existing document, and unless there was a hard copy produced of what was prior, I wouldn't have a record of that.

Q. So you don't know whether there was any difference between what we see on the Bates stamped 29 and the language you initially proposed?

1 A. That's correct.

- Q. Or maybe they changed -- added a period to --
  - A. I don't know -- I'm not sure what I would have given them.
  - Q. And certainly it is the case that you started the process? They didn't say, here's something we want in the curriculum, you said, here's a curriculum change, and then they reviewed it. Right?
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And that's true of every aspect of this change to the teaching of evolution, none of this was initiated by the teachers, they were reacting to it?
  - A. Well, I created the draft language for the teachers to review, but when it comes to the statement, that was something they requested that they have created for them.
    - Q. We'll get to that.
    - A. Okay.
  - Q. But in terms of these curriculum changes, you were the one who started the ball rolling by coming up with a curriculum change?
- A. Right. They're not initiating these changes.

- Q. Thank you. And you were initiating them because you were doing what you understood was your assignment from the board. Correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. Then we have this meeting on October 7th, right, the meeting of the curriculum committee on October 7th? Right?
    - A. Okay.
    - Q. You know what we're talking about there?
    - A. With just the board curriculum committee?
    - Q. Correct.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And the teachers were not invited to that meeting. Correct?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, in your experience at Dover, usually it's the teachers who develop curriculum. Isn't that right?
- A. Well, they did. And the purpose of that
  meeting was, I had the teachers' recommendation, I had
  the language they wanted. What I had prior to
  October 7th is, I had Mr. Buckingham suggesting some
  language, Mrs. Brown suggesting some language, and
  Mr. Bonsell suggesting some language. And what I
  needed to get was a consensus from them to agree on

the language that they wanted so that I could then take that back to the teachers for the teachers to review.

- Q. And you used the phrase "what the teachers wanted." It wasn't really what the teachers wanted, it's what the teachers had agreed to. Isn't that fair? When we're talking about the teachers' version here, it's not what the teachers wanted, it's what they agreed to in response to the proposal you had initiated?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And there was a discussion of the various proposals from the administration and teachers and the various board members, correct, at this October 7th meeting?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And ultimately the result from the board curriculum committee married the language of Mr. Bonsell, which had gaps and problems, with the language of Mr. Buckingham, which had intelligent design. Correct?
  - A. Right.
- Q. And this was all decided in a matter of minutes. Correct?
  - A. It was decided fairly quickly.

- Q. I think in your deposition you said a matter of minutes.
  - A. I don't remember if I did, but I know it didn't take long to come to an agreement on what the language was.
  - Q. Now, fast-forwarding to October 18th, as you said, Mrs. Spahr got up at the meeting to speak up against the change recommended by the board curriculum committee. Correct?
    - A. Yes.
    - Q. And she gave a somewhat lengthy speech?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you didn't stand up and disagree with what she had said?
  - A. Right.
- Q. And neither did Dr. Nilsen?
- 17 A. Yeah, that's correct.
- Q. And, in fact, you supported the teachers' position at that meeting?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. You understand that they're the science education experts in the district?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And you also recognized, as you testified earlier, that they were acting in the best interests

- of the students. Isn't that fair?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you felt the board should have approved one of the compromised resolutions that the teachers agreed to?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And not the change that included intelligent design?
- A. Correct.
- Q. You still feel that way, don't you,
- 11 Mr. Baksa?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. At the board meeting there was -- no outside speakers were brought in to discuss the relative merits of intelligent design. Correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. Nobody on the board explained to other
  members what intelligent design is or why they should
  support it?
- 20 A. I don't remember hearing that.
- Q. Or why it would improve science education?
- 22 A. I don't remember hearing that.
- Q. Nobody explained what intelligent design's status was in the scientific community. Correct?
- A. Which board meeting?

1 Q. October 18th.

- A. In October? After Mrs. Spahr and Mrs. Miller talked, pretty much the discussion just dealt with amending the original language. I don't remember --
- Q. So nobody except for, perhaps, the science teachers who opposed intelligent design explained what intelligent design's status was in the scientific community?
  - A. Right, I don't remember any talk of that.
- Q. And other than *Pandas*, you're not aware of any materials that were distributed that would aid the board in their decision. Correct?
- A. Yeah, I know we made *Of Pandas* available to them. I'm not sure if the DVDs from Discovery were available or not.
  - Q. And that's all you can think of?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. Now, the only change that did get made to the curriculum committee recommendation was the statement, Origins of life is not taught. Correct?
    - A. Could you ask again?
  - Q. The only change that was made before the final vote to the board curriculum recommendation was the note, Origins of life is not taught?

- 1 A. Right, that was added from C to A.
  - Q. And, again, by "origins of life," you understand that to mean that the teachers don't teach macroevolution or speciation. Correct?
    - A. Yes.

- Q. And that's your understanding of how the board understands that term. Correct?
  - A. I think so, yeah.
- Q. You can't teach them, for example, that men have common ancestors with other nonhuman creatures.

  Correct?
- A. I don't remember Mr. Bonsell using that specific language. I do have language like that from my notes from Mr. -- meeting with Mr. Buckingham.

  That's one of his concerns.

MR. ROTHSCHILD: Your Honor, this would be a good time. I won't be able to finish this afternoon.

THE COURT: All right. I had hoped we would finish with Mr. Baksa today. I'm sure that was his fondest hope, as well. And we did not. So I think there's going to have to be some discussion, given the time constraints that we've imposed on ourselves — and I would urge you to discuss that as we get into tomorrow. I think that the end point, in any case, for testimony has got to be right around the noon hour

on Friday. So carve it up as you wish, but I want everybody to have a fair exchange. So we don't want an imbalance between direct and cross-examination.

Give that some thought, because we have two additional witnesses, as I understand, Mr. Gillen. Is that correct?

MR. GILLEN: You are correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I don't know how much longer we have, but there's obviously the potential for redirect with -- and some recross, I guess, with Mr. Baksa. So we'll try to finish him up. Now, I do have one matter I have to attend to tomorrow, so we're going to start at 9:15 tomorrow, and that further takes some time out, but we can probably capture that at the back end or have a shortened lunch, if we need to, tomorrow.

And I assume that we're going to start with Mr. Baksa tomorrow and not call him out of order, which I'm sure, besides being illogical, probably violates some convention against torture in making him come back again. Anything further for today?

MR. ROTHSCHILD: No.

THE COURT: All right. We'll be in recess until 9:15 tomorrow morning, and we'll reconvene with Mr. Baksa's continued testimony at that time.

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|----|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | (Whereupon, the proceedings were adjourned.)             |
| 2  |                                                          |
| 3  |                                                          |
| 4  | CERTIFICATION                                            |
| 5  | I hereby certify that the proceedings and                |
| 6  | evidence are contained fully and accurately in           |
| 7  | the notes taken by me on the within                      |
| 8  | proceedings and that this copy is a correct              |
| 9  | transcript of the same.                                  |
| 10 | Dated in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this                  |
| 11 | 11th day of November, 2005.                              |
| 12 |                                                          |
| 13 | /s/ Lori A. Shuey                                        |
| 14 | Lori A. Shuey, RPR, CRR U.S. Official Court Reporter     |
| 15 | United States Courthouse 228 Walnut Street, P.O. Box 983 |
| 16 | Harrisburg, PA 17108-0983<br>(717)215-1270               |
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